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TEST REPORT No. 341145

Place and date of issue: Bellaria-Igea Marina - Italy, 31/03/2017

Customer: PCA | PAPADOPOULOS CONSTRUCTIVE APPLICATIONS - Industrial Area of Thessaloniki,

Block 38 - 57022 SINDOS - Greece

Date test requested: 13/06/2016

Order number and date: 70285, 17/06/2016

Date sample received: 06/03/2017

Test date: 16/03/2017

Purpose of test: resistance to horizontal static loading in accordance with standard NF

P01-013:1988 and resistance to dynamic impact with a 50 kg soft body in accord-

ance with standard NF P08-301:1991 of a railing

Test site: Istituto Giordano S.p.A. - Via Erbosa, 72 - 47043 Gatteo (FC) - Italy

Origin of sample: sampled and supplied by the Customer

Identification of sample received: No. 2017/0454

Sample name*

The test sample is called "BALCONY LATERAL POINT FIXING SERIES M7".

(*) according to that stated by the Customer

Comp. PB Revis. AB

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Description of sample*

The test sample consists of a tempered glass railings with aluminium structure having the following characteristics:

Width		1050 mm	
Height from floor level		1125 mm	
Tempered glass type		10.10.4 (PVB)	
Glass dimensions	width	1050 mm	
	height	1280 mm	

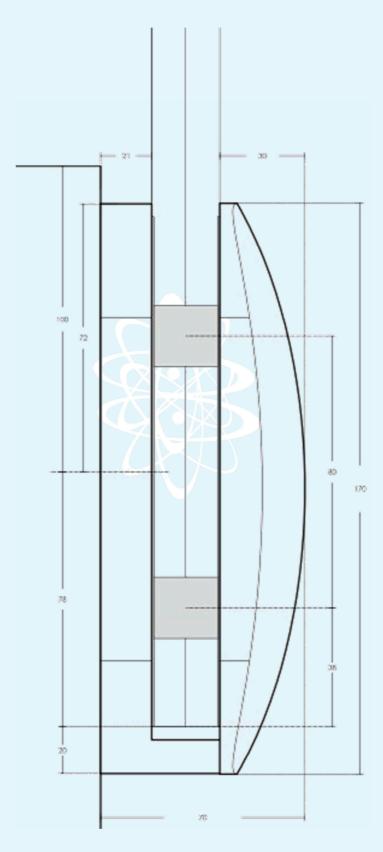




Photographs of the sample



SAMPLE SCHEMATIC DRAWING





Normative references

The test was carried out in accordance with the requirements of the following standards:

- NF P01-013:1988 dated August 1988 "Essais des garde-corps. Méthodes et critères" ("Railing tests. Methods and criteria");
- NF P08-301:1991 dated April 1991 "Ouvrages verticaux des constructions Essais de résistance aux chocs
 - Corps de chocs Principe et modalités générales des essais de choc" ("Vertical building elements Impact resistance tests Impact bodies Impact test principle and general methods").

Test apparatus

Resistance to static loading

The following equipment was used to carry out the resistance to static loading test:

- steel frame simulating actual installation of the sample on the floor (apparatus in-house identification code: EDI048);
- set of steel masses for static load test;
- Mitutoyo IDF Digimatic Indicator complete with calibration report issued by Istituto Giordano S.p.A.;
- AEP Transducers 100 kg load cell (apparatus in-house identification code: EDI107);
- metric ruler (apparatus in-house identification code: EDI083);
- digital thermo-hygrometer (apparatus in-house identification code: EDI111).

Resistance to dynamic load

The test was performed using a sphero-conical bag, diameter 400 mm and height 600 mm, filled with hardened solid glass spheres, diameter 3 mm, until reaching 50 kg overall mass, and suspended by an inextensible cable of negligible mass so that when hanging at rest it makes contact with the sample at the desired point of impact.



Test method

Outward horizontal static loading (without uprights)

With just underside secured to the floor, the sample was subjected to a load distributed uniformly over three points on the handrail in accordance with figure 2 "Garde-corps sans potelets, ancrés au niveau de l'appui" ("Railings without posts anchored at the base") of standard NF P01-013:

- preload of 1,3 kN applied gradually until reaching the present value and maintained for 3 min;
- removal of load and resetting of gauge;
- horizontal static load of 1,3 kN applied gradually until reaching the present value and maintained for
 60 s, following which deflection whilst loaded was measured;
- removal of load and recording of permanent deflection after 3 min;
- horizontal static safety load of 2,2 kN with coefficient of 1,7 for aluminium, applied and maintained for
 5 min, following which deflection whilst loaded was measured;
- removal of safety load and recording of permanent deflection after 3 min and verification of permissi ble permanent deflection "a" in mm following removal of safety load using the following equation:

$$a \le \frac{8 \cdot X}{1000}$$

where X = height of sample from fixing point in mm.

Dynamic load

With just underside secured to the floor, the sample was subjected to a dynamic load with energy of 600 J $(0,50 \text{ kN} \times 1,20 \text{ m})$.

All impacts were made by releasing the impactors so that they fall from a specified height with a pendulum movement and without initial velocity.

The impactors were hung by an inextensible pendulum wire of negligible mass so that when at rest they made contact with the point of intended impact.

After each impact, the impactors were prevented from hitting the sample again after bouncing.



Environmental conditions at the time of testing

Room temperature	(18 ± 2) °C
Relative humidity	(50 ± 5) %

Test results

Outward horizontal static loading (without uprights)

Applied load (clause 2.2.1.2 of standard NF P01-013)	Deflection whilst loaded	Permanent deflection	Maximum permanent deflection**	Result
[kN]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	
1,30	29,9	1,8	//	//
2,20*	66,4	9,4	9,6	pass

^(*) safety load with coefficient of 1,7 for aluminium.

Resistance to dynamic load

Impact area	Drop height	Energy	Result
	[m]	[1]	
centre of infill	1,2	600	no damage [*]

^(*) no falling fragments that could cause personal injury were found below.

No gaps were formed between the bars of sufficient size to allow the passage of the gauge specified in figure 7 of standard NF P01-013.

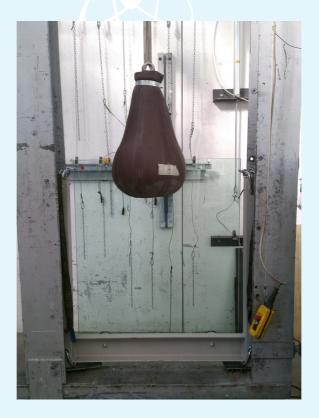
No sample performance loss compared to design specifications was witnessed.

^(**) permissible permanent deflection "a" calculated in accordance with 2.2.1.2.4 "Déformation admissible des garde-corps métalliques" ("Permissible deflection of metal railings") of standard NF P 01-013.





Photograph of the sample during outward horizontal static loading test



Photograph of the sample after impact in the centre of infill



Findings

According to the test performed, according to the results obtained and according to what indicated in standard NF P01-013, the test sample, consists of a tempered glass railings with aluminium structure, called "BALCONY LATERAL POINT FIXING SERIES M7" and presented by the company PCA | PAPADOPOULOS CONSTRUCTIVE APPLICATIONS - Industrial Area of Thessaloniki, Block 38 - 57022 SINDOS - Greece, is:

Test	Use	Result
Outward horizontal static loading	Public (1 kN/m)	Compliant
Outward horizontal static loading	Private (1,3 kN)	Compliant
Dynamic impact with 50 kg soft body	//	Compliant

The results given refer exclusively to the test sample itself and are only valid under the same conditions in which testing was carried out.

This test report alone shall not be considered a certificate of conformity.

Test Technician (Dott. Andrea Bruschi)

Head of Security and Safety Laboratory (Dott. Andrea Bruschi), **Chief Executive Officer**

Andrea Brus

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